



Mrs. Housewife—"I seem to do nothing but mend and darn all the time. Half the clothes are full of holes after a few washings."

Anty Drudge—"It's the boiling of your clothes in the wash that causes you all this work, dearie. Boiling weakens them and makes them soft, just as it does meat or vegetables. Use Fels-Naptha Soap in cool or lukewarm water, and the clothes will wear much longer."

Do you spend 52 days of the year bending over steaming suds rubbing hard on a washboard? Stop it. Fels-Naptha Soap will cut the time spent in washing at least half. It will cut out the boiling, the steaming suds, the hard rubbing. Fels-Naptha Soap separates the dirt from clothes while soaking in cool or lukewarm water, so that a light rubbing and a simple rinsing will leave them clean and pure.

Look for the red and green wrapper. Fels & Co., Philadelphia.

HOME CIRCLE COLUMN.

COLUMN DEDICATED TO THIRD MOTHERS AS THEY JOIN THE HOME CIRCLE AT EVENING TIDE.

More Important.

Indeed, it is more important for a woman to be good than man. Their influence upon the children is far greater than the parental influence. Furthermore, children, as a rule, inherit their moral qualities much more from their mothers than from their fathers. Consequently, for a boy to make a good, level-headed, true-loving, upright citizen, it is very important for him to have a good mother.

The better we can make the mother of our land, the better we make the country. The old Roman motto, "Influence was acknowledged as the potent one upon the patriot—the people."

Our women are not altogether unknown. Though many of them are and have been, most angelic they may be, the influence of the true representative character of the country more than any other.

But for the constant infusion of good, healthy country blood, our cities would stagnate and die.

It is upon the honest motherhood of the rural districts that the country must depend mainly for the true,

sturdy citizenship that must save us from the anarchical tendencies and influences of our large centers of population.

Why Don't You?

Why don't you answer your friends' letter a' once? It will have double value if written promptly, and will take no more time now than by and by.

Why don't you make the promised visit to that invalid? She is looking for you day after day; and "hope deferred maketh the heart sick."

Why don't you send away that little gift that you've been planning to send? More kind intentions never accomplish any good.

Why don't you speak out the encouraging words you have in your thoughts? Unless you express them they are of no use to others.

Why don't you take more pains to be self-sacrificing and loving in every day home life? Time is rapidly passing. Your dear ones will not be with you always.

Why don't you create around you an atmosphere of happiness and helpfulness, so that all who come in touch with you may be made better? Is not this possible?

Why don't you follow in the steps of him who "came not to be ministered unto, but to minister?"

Why don't you?

When we make up the inventory of our lives, if our hearts have any appreciation of true values, if we have learned to distinguish between life's tools and its treasures, we find that those things we could least afford to lose are those that have ways beyond our powers of purchase perhaps without our deserving, all. How foolish then, are we, who have come upon us without our labor, the greatest, the enduring treasures by simply taking them, if we waste our powers and our time in striving after the things that are not worth while. There are at least two ways of loving—one is to try to make enough money to be able to buy pleasures or affection or whatever you may most desire, the other is to keep the life ever open to all the joy and love and enriching that is about it.

True marriages mean a subjugation of self, and a losing of one's selfish feelings in love for another. Every man ought to have the certainty that he can find peace and rest from all strife and fret in his home. Every husband ought to feel when he turns the key to enter his own door that he is sure of a sweeter welcome and a more cheerful and more restful atmosphere than he has found outside of it. If each wife would make this the leading resolve of her life the world would be revolutionized.

What kind of a woman are you at home? Are you one of those who chase through life, dust cloth in hand, making everyone in the of a little dust—upsetting the peace of the whole family, for the sake of gratifying your passion for house-cleaning? Or do you prefer to live as comfortably as possible, choosing rather to have a home a sacred and beloved spot to husband and even the sacred duty of chasing microbes?

The woman that saves up her household worries and her bodily pains and aches to entertain her husband with on his return home, drives a sure nail in the coffin of conjugal happiness.

How easy it is to find something to anger us in our relations with our fellowman. Instead of shutting our eyes to it, we are open to every encounter provoking a quarrel. "Sow-lit discord and reaping tares."

DR. HOBSON'S OINTMENT HEALS ITCHY ECZEMA.

The constantly itching, burning sensation and other disagreeable forms of eczema, tetter, salt rheum and skin eruptions promptly cured by DR. HOBSON'S ECZEMA OINTMENT. Geo. W. Fitch, of Mendota, Ill., says: "I purchased a box of Dr. Hobson's Eczema Ointment. Have had Eczema ever since the civil war, have been treated by many doctors, none have given me the benefit that one box of Dr. Hobson's Eczema Ointment has. My sufferer should try it. We're so positive it will help you we guarantee it or money refunded. At all drug stores or by mail 50c. PFEIFFER CHEMICAL COMPANY, PHILADELPHIA AND ST. LOUIS.

A MERRY CHRISTMAS TO YOU!

Many young men and maidens who are attending distant schools, and many others who have business and employment elsewhere have come home to enjoy the glad season of Christmas with 'The Old Folks At Home. To these the NEWS extends hearty greetings and wishes for a pleasant, happy time.

That Mexican bandit, Villa, doesn't use enough letters to correctly spell his name. Any newspaper reader can add the missing letters.

REJUVENATING THE OLD ORCHARD.

The farm orchard is usually one of the most neglected spots on the farm. For years it has been allowed to care for itself and as a result the owner gathers only an inferior crop of fruit when everyone who cares for his orchard properly is blessed with a bountiful supply.

The question is often asked as to whether it will pay to rejuvenate these old trees. In many cases this will pay and in some cases it will not. It will not pay to renovate an orchard where there is a very poor stand of trees or when the trees are over thirty years of age. Often an orchard is located very poorly to begin with as regards soil and site and hence would not warrant the care and expense necessary to rejuvenate it. The fact that the varieties are not well selected should not cause one to consider his orchard worthless provided the trees are healthy and vigorous, because in such a case they may be successfully top-grafted into a more desirable variety.

In working over an old orchard there are four important steps to keep in mind, viz. pruning, spraying, fertilizing and cultivation.

In pruning an old orchard the first step will be to remove all dead and crossing branches. An attempt should be made to cut back the top in order to make the operations of spraying and harvesting easier. The ends of the branches should be thinned out so as to admit plenty of air and sunlight. The operation of pruning should be drawn out over a period of two or three years so that the tree may have an opportunity to adjust itself to the new conditions. After this a small annual pruning each year should be given. Whenever a large limb is removed care should be taken to make the cut as close to the trunk as possible and to coat the wound with an application of lead paint.

Spraying is also necessary in order to get the best results. The number of applications will depend upon the conditions in the orchard. If the trees are badly infested with San Jose scale an application of lime-sulphur should be applied in the fall or just before the buds start to swell in the spring. Immediately after the blossoms fall it will be necessary to use an application of arsenate of lead in order to control the codling moth or apple worm.

During the winter it is a good plan to apply a covering of barn yard manure. Use about twelve or fifteen loads to the acre. If the manure is not available a good high grade fertilizer may be used in the spring. The first year nitrate of soda may be used at the rate of 250 or 300 lbs. per acre. After this the nitrogen supply should be kept up by means of leguminous cover crops. The same amounts of potash and rock phosphate should be used to supply the other elements.

If the land has been in sod for some time it would be a good plan to break it up now. Plow to a depth of about four inches. Deeper plowing may be harmful because the roots in a sod orchard have a tendency to come to the surface of the ground. If the orchard has been cultivated the land should be plowed early in the spring. Cultivation should be continued until about the first of August, after which a leguminous cover crop should be sown.

Where an orchard has been neglected for several years the owner cannot expect to bring it back in one season. Under average conditions the neglected orchard will respond to the treatment indicated.

A CONFESSION

Hopes Her Statement, Made Public, will Help Other Women.

Hines, Ala.—"I must confess," says Mrs. Eula Mae Reid, of this place, "that Cardui, the woman's tonic, has done me a great deal of good."

Before I commenced using Cardui, I would spit up everything I ate. I had a tired, sleepy feeling all the time, and was irregular. I could hardly drag around, and would have severe headaches continuously.

Since taking Cardui, I have entirely quit spitting up what I eat. Everything seems to digest all right, and I have gained 10 pounds in weight.

If you are a victim of any of the numerous ills so common to your sex, it is wrong to suffer.

For half a century, Cardui has been relieving just such ills, as is proven by the thousands of letters, similar to the above, which pour into our office, year by year. Cardui is successful because it is composed of ingredients which act specifically on the womanly constitution, and helps build the weakened organs back to health and strength.

Cardui has helped others, and will help you, too. Get a bottle today. You won't regret it. Your doctor will tell you.

Write to F. Chittenden Med. Supply Dept., Chattanooga, Tenn. Instructions on your case and full treatment for women, sent in plain wrapper, No. 123.



A Guarantee Must Have Responsibility Behind It

Otherwise, it is not worth a cent

We sell only the class of Jewelry that we can guarantee to give satisfaction, and we make our guarantee good. We leave the trashy jewelry to be sold by others, who think only of the big profits they can get on such stuff.

CONLEY'S STORE

LOUISA, - KENTUCKY

RECORD BREAKING YEAR IN WEST VIRGINIA MINES.

Charleston, W. Va., Dec. 25.—The accident records in the office of Earl Henry, chief of the Department of Mines of West Virginia, for the first eleven months of 1913, show that there have been fewer fatalities than in any year since 1908.

In the eleven months ending November 30th, there have been 309 deaths at the mines, according to Mr. Henry's records, as against 340 for the first eleven months of 1912.

What is more significant, according to the Mining Department records, the decrease of 31 in the number of deaths has taken place in spite of the fact that the State's mining population has increased 5,005. In 1912 the number of men employed in West Virginia mines was 68,248 while the 309 accidents this year have occurred to a mining population of 73,253, according to the figures of the Public Service Commission.

Another interesting show made by the Department records is that sixteen of the coal producing counties of the State have established a new world's record for safety. Of the sixteen counties in question, six had one death each while in ten counties there was none. The records of the United States Bureau of Mines set forth that in 1912 these counties produced 4,184,000 tons of coal. Based on this 1912 tonnage—and it will be larger in 1913—it will be larger in 1913—it will be seen that there has been only one mining fatality in these counties for every 697,333 tons of coal mined.

Chief Henry's records for the whole State make the fatality rate

2.21 for each thousand men employed. This is the best rate since 1905, when it was 3.15. The rate in 1912 was 5.26.

NOTICE.

The stockholders of the Louisa National Bank will hold their annual meeting on Tuesday, January 13, 1914, 10:30 a. m. at their banking rooms in Louisa, Ky., for the purpose of electing directors for the ensuing year. M. F. CONLEY, Cashier. Dec. 26.-Jan. 9.

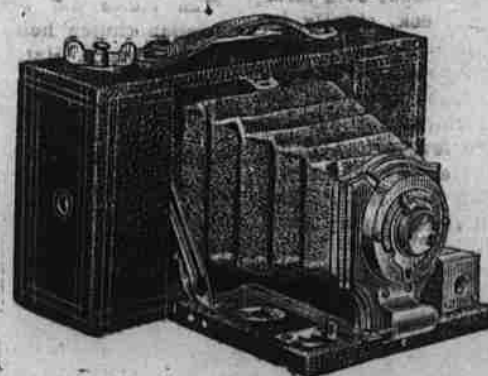
Laban, the 4-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. J. B. McClure, is sick of typhoid fever.

JOHN VETTER FINE TAILOR PORTSMOUTH, OHIO

REPRESENTED IN THIS TERRITORY BY MR. P. E. JAHRAUS

Prices Always Reasonable

KODAKS



\$1, \$2, \$4, \$5, \$9, \$15

Conley's Store
Louisa, Ky.

The Extension Department will give free assistance wherever possible to orchard improvement work. J. H. CARMODY, Asst. Horticulturist, Kentucky Experiment Station, Lexington, Kentucky.

No. 7122.

Report of the condition of THE LOUISA NATIONAL BANK, at Louisa, in the State of Kentucky, at the close of business Oct. 21, 1913:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	\$195,279.68
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	4,678.18
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	50,000.00
U. S. Bonds to secure U. S. Deposits	1,000.00
Other Bonds to secure Postal Savings	3,000.00
Premiums on U. S. Bonds	500.00
Bonds, Securities, etc.	32,110.45
Banking house Furniture and Fixtures	7,500.00
Other real estate owned	
Due from National Banks (not reserve agents)	4,103.26
Due from State and Private Banks and Bankers, Trust Companies, and Savings Banks	5,879.44
Due from approved Reserve Agents	43,332.55
Checks and other Cash Items	355.98
Notes of other National Banks	570.00
Fractional Paper Currency, Nickels, and Cents	240.32
Specie	2,792.30
Legal-tender notes	15,245.00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (3 per cent of circulation)	2,500.00
Due from U. S. Treasury	33.80
Total	\$369,120.10

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	\$50,000.00
Surplus fund	20,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	3,887.65
National Bank notes outstanding	50,000.00
Due other National Banks	972.85
Due to State and Private Banks and Bankers	
Individual deposits subject to check	229,982.65
Demand Certificates of deposit	11,457.71
Certified Checks	
Cashier's Checks	
Outstanding	18.65
U. S. Deposits	1,000.00
Postal Savings Deposits	2,300.59
Total	\$369,120.10

State of Kentucky, County of Lawrence, ss:

I, M. F. Conley, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

M. F. CONLEY, Cashier. Subscribed and sworn to before me this 28th day of October 1913:

AL. CARTER, Notary Public. My commission expires January 12, 1914.

Correct-Attest:

R. L. VINSON,
L. H. YORK,
T. D. BURGESS,
Directors.

STATE NORMAL
RICHMOND, KY.
A Training School for Teachers
Courses leading to Elementary, Intermediate and Life State Certificates. Taught in all Public Schools of Kentucky. Special Courses: Art, Music, Physical Education. Tuition Free to Applicants. Teachers' Association. First Term begins September 8. Second Term November 15. Third Term January 12. Fourth Term April 7. Summer Session opens June 16. Catalogues on request.
J. G. CHADBO, President.